

# SAFETY DATA SHEET(SDS)

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FileNo. 1001

## 1. Chemical Product & Company Identification

CHEMICALPRODUCT NAME: DURACON® M90-44 Colored  
NAME OF COMPANY: Polyplastics Co.,Ltd.  
ADDRESS: 2-18-1 Konan, Minato-ku, Tokyo,108-8280 Japan  
SECTION IN CHARGE: Quality Assurance Dept.  
TELEPHONE NUMBER: 03-6711-8605  
FACSIMILE NUMBER 03-6711-8616

## 2. Hazards identification

### [ GHS CLASSIFICATION ]

Physical and Chemical Hazards : ·Flammable solids : Classification not possible  
·Self-reactive substances and mixtures : Not applicable  
·Pyrophoric solids : Not classified  
·Self-heating substances and mixtures : Classification not possible  
·Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases : Not classified  
·Oxidizing solids : Not classified  
·Corrosive to metal : Not classified

Health Hazards : ·Carcinogeneses : No hazard  
·Specific target organ/systemic toxicity (Repeated exposure) : No hazard

Environmental Hazards : Classification not possible

[ SYMBOL ] : None  
[ SIGNAL WORD ] : None  
[ HAZARD STATEMENT ] : None  
[ PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS ]

Prevention : ·Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
·Wear protective gloves.

Response : -

Storage : Avoid direct sunlight and store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local & national regulations.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION : Mixture  
COMMON CHEMICAL NAME : Polyoxymethylene  
SYNONYMS : Polyacetal(POM)  
INGREDIENTS AND COMPOSITION : POM  $\geq$  85.03, Chromium(III) compounds <0.5%,  
Antimony compounds <2.7%, Titanium oxide <6.8%,  
Carbon black  $\leq$  0.5%, Copper compounds <0.5%,  
Nickel compounds  $\leq$  2.67%, Cobalt compounds <0.3%,  
Others  $\leq$  1%

CHEMICAL FORMULA :  $-(\text{CH}_2-\text{O})_p / -(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O})_q-$

SERIAL No. IN OFFICIAL GAZETTE : 7-129(base resin)  
(Law Concerning Examination and Regulation of Manufacture, etc., of Chemical Substances)

CAS No. : 24969-26-4(base resin)

INGREDIENTS CONTRIBUTING TO THE HAZARD : Formaldehyde.  
Cadmium, lead, hexavalent chromium and mercury are not used in this grade.

## 4. First-aid measures

INGESTION	:	When a gas generated from the molten polymer has been inhaled, move to area of fresh air without delay and wait until the victim is recovered. If sick feeling continues, ask a physician for advice.
SKIN CONTACT	:	Cool the contacted skin with clean water without delay, if a contact with the polymer in a molten form. Do not force to remove the solid resin on the skin. If any burns are observed on the skin, ask a physician for advice.
EYE CONTACT	:	Cool and rinse the eye with clean water for at least 15 minutes when the eyes had contact with molten polymer. In case of wearing contact lenses, remove the lenses as soon as possible, and ask a physician for advice. When the eye had contact with the polymer in an ordinary solid form, rinse the eye with clean water without delay. If the discomfort persists, ask a physician for advice.
SWALLOW	:	Help to vomit as much as possible. If sick feeling continues, ask a physician for advice.
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5. Fire-fighting measures		
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA	:	Water, foam fire-extinguishing agent, powder fire-extinguishing agent, and carbon dioxide gas.
SPECIFIC METHODS	:	Extinguish the fire with water. A method of extinguishing an ordinary fire may be applied. Do not apply water directly to processing machines.
SPECIFIC HAZARDS	:	Incomplete combustion leads to generation of toxic gases such as carbon monoxide or formaldehyde, in addition to carbonic acid gas and water.
SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIREFIGHTERS	:	In case the fire gained force, use a gas mask or other protective equipment.
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6. Accidental release measures		
PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS	:	When pellets were spilled on the road or floor, wipe them off with a besom or cleaner not to cause slipping.
ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTION	:	Handle the spillage in accordance with provisions given in the "Resin pellet spillage preventive manual", in order to prevent intakes by marine animals and birds.
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7. Handling and storage		
HANDLING	:	Polyacetal resin in a pellet form will neither ignite nor explode at room temperatures, but it falls under the inflammables designated by the Fire Service Law. Keep it away from the igniting sources, as it quickly gains force once it is ignited.
HANDLING 2	:	Polyacetal resin in a powdered form is likely to cause dust explosion and is therefore designated in the Guideline for Hazard of Dust Explosion in U.S.Bureau of Mines. Effective earthing means or use of inert gas like N2 are required for dust handling equipment to eliminate static electricity.
HANDLING 3	:	This pellets spilled on the floor are likely to cause slipping. Remove such spillage at any times.
HANDLING 4	:	For molding work, effective means for local exhaust are required to discharge gases generated by melt processing.
HANDLING 5	:	Avoid inhaling of gases generated in molding work. Do not directly touch resin of high temperature.
HANDLING 6	:	Avoid retaining hot resin in the processing machines for many hours.
HANDLING 7	:	Avoid mixed extrusion with strong acid, oxidizing agents and PVC.
STORAGE	:	Keep the substance away from any fire or heat sources for the sake of safe storage.
STORAGE 2	:	This polymer is a synthetic resin designated as an inflammable

substance by the Fire Service Law and should be handled in accordance with municipal rules and regulations (concerning fire-fighting equipment, indoor storage, for instance).

RECOMMENDED PACKAGING MATERIALS : No information.

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8. Exposure controls/ personal protection

CONTROL CONCENTRATION : None at present

PERMISSIBLE CONCENTRATION : OSHA PEL/1985

Max. permissible concentration of inactive powder 15mg/m<sup>3</sup>

- ditto - (Aspiration ) 5mg/m<sup>3</sup>

ACGIH TLV/1992 1993

Exposure limit of the powder TWA 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

(Reference) Human exposure to formaldehyde -

Ministry of Health & Welfare/2002

Guideline value 0.08 ppm

OSHA Parameter/1992

TWA 0.75 ppm

STEL 2 ppm

ACGIH TLV/1992 1993

TWA 0.3 ppm

ENGINEERING MEASURE : ·When handling dust: Use totally enclosed containers resisting dust explosion.  
·When heat melted in molding: Effective local ventilation must be provided.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION : Wear a dust-proof mask.

HAND PROTECTION : Wear heat-resisting gloves against burns, when handling molten polymer.

EYE PROTECTION : Wear protective glasses or goggles.

SKIN & BODY PROTECTION : Wear long sleeve clothes against burns, when handling molten polymer.

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9. Physical and chemical properties

APPEARANCE etc. : Pellet

BOILING POINT : Not applicable

VAPOUR PRESSURE : Not applicable

VOLATILITY : Not applicable

INITIAL BOILING POINT : Not applicable

SUBLIMATION : None

MELTING POINT : 165°C

DENSITY : 1.41

SOLUBILITY : Insoluble in water

FLASH POINT : 320°C or higher

IGNITION POINT : 400°C or higher

EXPLOSION PROPERTY : Not applicable

INFLAMMABILITY : Inflammable(Designated as inflammable resin by the Fire Service Law)

REACTIVITY WITH WATER : None

OXIDIZABILITY : None

SELF-REACTIVITY : None

DUST EXPLOSIVENESS : Upper explosion limit : Not applicable. Lower explosion limit : 35g/m<sup>3</sup>

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10. Stability and reactivity

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY : Stable for normal storage or handling.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID : Avoid contacts with strong acid, oxidizing agent or PVC under hot melt conditions.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS	:	Formaldehyde will be generated when heated (for drying or melting) or burnt.
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11. Toxicological information		
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION	:	No finding.
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/IRRITATION	:	Gas generated in drying or melting is irritating eyes and skins.
RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION	:	No finding.
ACUTE TOXICITY(INCLUDING LD50)	:	No finding.
SUBACUTE TOXICITY	:	No finding.
CHRONIC TOXICITY	:	No finding.
CARCINOGENECITY	:	This product contains the substance of carcinogenic category 2 in the GHS classification.(CB)
MUTAGENECITY(Micro organisms, chromosomal aberration)	:	No finding.
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY	:	No finding.
TERATOGENICITY	:	No finding.
OTHERS(Including generation of hazardous gases by reaction with water, for example)	:	No finding in this report means that there will be no hazard in general, but no proving data available at the time of reporting.
OTHER CAUTIONS	:	With regard to dust, the maximum permissible concentration and limits are fixed by OSHA and ACGIH.
OTHER CAUTIONS 2	:	Formaldehyde will be generated when heated (for drying or melting) or burnt.
OTHER CAUTIONS 3	:	Carcinogenicity class of formaldehyde, which may be generated if overheated. IARC(International Agency for Research on Cancer): Group 1
OTHER CAUTIONS 4	:	Toxicological information of Carbon black which is an ingredient is shown below. Toxicity of the ingredient does not appear as product for pellet. When dust is generated by cutting and sanding, toxicity appears. Avoid breathing dust and avoid generating dust. [Carbon black] Acute toxicity Oral: Rat LD50 15,400mg/kg GHS Not classified Dermal: No information Inhalation: No information Skin Corrosion/Irritation: No information Eye Damage/Irritation: No information Sensitization–Skin: No information Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No information Carcinogenicity: IARC 2B; Possible carcinogenic to humans. Toxicity to Reproduction: No information Specific Target Organ Toxicity(Single Exposure) No information Specific Target Organ Toxicity(Repeated Exposure) Category 1 based on the influence on lungs (the hyperplasia of the epithelium, pulmonary fiber symptom) in pneumoconiosis of human and a rat inhalational examination in the range of guidance level Category 1 Aspiration Hazard: No information
REMARKS	:	Hazards information and so on result from the national classification of carbon black.
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12. Ecological information		

BIODEGRADABILITY	: No finding.
BIOACCUMULATION	: No finding.
FISH TOXICITY	: No finding.
HAZARDS TO OZONE LAYER	: None

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13. Disposal considerations

WASTE FROM RESIDUES	: This is designated as waste plastics among industrial wastes by the Wastes Disposal Law. Disposal waste pellets through licensed wastes handlers or local autonomous bodies if they are handling wastes disposal.
WASTE FROM RESIDUES 2	: When disposed by incineration, use the well controlled incinerators in accordance with the Wastes Disposal Law, Air Pollution Control Law and Water Pollution Prevention Law.

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14. Transport information

UN CLASSIFICATION NUMBER	: Not restricted for ICAO/IATA.
OTHER CAUTIONS	: Handle with care so as not to give damages to containers or not to be subjected to wetting.
OTHER CAUTIONS 2	: Secure the containers firmly so as not to cause collapsing.

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15. Regulatory information

FIRE SERVICE LAW	: Inflammable synthetic resin      Designated quantity: More than 20m <sup>3</sup> for the foamed product. More than 3,000 kg for other types.
WASTE DISPOSAL LAW	: Waste plastics among industrial wastes.
LAW CONCERNING REPORTING, ETC. OF RELEASES TO THE ENVIRONMENT OF SPECIFIC CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES AND PROMOTING IMPROVEMENTS IN THEIR MANAGEMENT (PRTR)	: • Many colored products contain Class I Designated Chemical Substance Cabinet order Annex 1 No.309 (nickel compound; Government ordinance No.356, revised on October 1 2009). • Many colored products contain Class I Designated Chemical Substance Cabinet order Annex 1 No.31 (antimony and its compounds; Government ordinance No.356, revised on October 1 2009).
INDUSTRIAL SAFETY AND HEALTH LAW	: • Substances Subject to Notify Their Names, etc (Article 57-2 Cabinet order 18-2 Annex 9) (No.38) Antimony and its compounds (No.130) Carbon black (No.142) Chromium and its compounds (No.172) Cobalt and its compounds (No.191) Titanic dioxide (No.379) Coper and its compounds (No.418) Nickel and its compounds • Substances Subject to Indicate Their Names, etc (Article 57 Cabinet order 18 (No.9-4) Cobalt and its inorganic compounds • Specific Chemical Substances Group-2 Substances, Control Group-2 Substances (item (v) of paragraph (1) of Article 2 of the Ordinance on Prevention of Dangers Due to Specified Chemical Substances), Cobalt and its inorganic compounds • Specific Chemical Substances Specified Control Substances (Article 38-3 of the Ordinance on Prevention of Dangers Due to Specified Chemical Substances), Cobalt and its inorganic compounds
OTHERS	: Formaldehyde is designated as Class 2 substance by the Industrial Safety and Health Law (Regulations concerning hazards caused by specific chemicals) and designated as deleterious substance by the Poisons and Deleterious Substance Control Law. Recommended usage, criteria, and limit values are provided by Japan Industrial Safety and Health Society, OSHA

and ACGIH.

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16. Other information

HANDLING OF THE DETAILS GIVEN ABOVE : This SDS is the English version translated from the Japanese SDS which is prepared for domestic use. Details given above are based on references, information and data available at this moment, but no warranty can be made on exactness of these details. They are also prepared on the assumption that the product will be handled in a normal way. For special handling, adequate safety and environmental measures should be taken in respect to its applications. Our products are not specifically intended for implants for medical and dental applications, and therefore they are not recommended for such applications. "No finding" in this report means that there will be no hazard in general, but no proving data is available at the time of reporting.

WHERE TO CALL FOR FURTHER INFORMATION : Polyplastics Co., Ltd. Quality Assurance Dept.  
Tel. No 03-6711-8605

\*DURACON® is a registered trademark of Polyplastics Co., Ltd. in Japan and other countries.